

SHORTEN SHY AND HERBERT SPENCER.

Shorten Shy plays round my knee,
While I read Herbert Spencer,
But still the more I read and read,
My ignorance grows denser;
For Shorten Shy decries my taste
And tells me every minute,
"Say papa, I don't like that book,
There ain't no lions in it."

Now Herbert Spencer is a great,
A world-comparing, brainy man,
No head-plummet-line of truth
Goes deeper than his sinker.
But one man reads his work way through,
For thousands that begin it,
They leave one-half the leaves uncut—
"There ain't no lions in it."

The age-old errors in their den
Does Herbert Spencer throttle,
And ranks with Newton, Bacon, Kant,
And ancient Aristotle.
The mighty homages of the few—
These towering giants win it,
The mill-stones shun their bustling ground,
"There ain't no lions in it."

I leave this metaphysical swamp,
Thick grown with sturdy scions,
And roam the meadows of Romance,
With Shorten and his lions.
He brings his gaudy Noah's Ark book
And begs me to begin it,
"Better than Hubert Pencer book,
That ain't no lions in it."

'Now read about the stalwart
Who by he scares the people;
An' read about the kangaroo
Who jumps up on the 'people,
So I take up the Noah's Ark book
And sturdily begin it,
And read about the 'stalwarts'
And lions that are in it.

Shorten will grow in sobriety,
His life becomes intense,
Some day he'll drop his 'stalwarts'
And take up Herbert Spencer;
But life can have no happier years
Than glad years that begin it,
And life sometimes grows dull and tame
That has no lions in it.

W. Fox, in Yankee Blade.

BRITISH IRREVERENCE.
His name is Duke of Fife,
Says the Sham Clan Dough,
Wales' daughter is his wife,
Says the Sham Clan Dough.
Her pa is fat and kind,
Her youthful ma is rich,
But her grandma—never mind,
Says the Sham Clan Dough.

He tells us we are Duffs,
Says the Sham Clan Dough,
But we're really Highland roughs,
Says the Sham Clan Dough.
Bajjle's punctual in his pay,
So we follow day by day,
Son-in-law of coming X,
Says the Sham Clan Dough.

Duke of Clarence's very long,
Says the Sham Clan Dough,
But he isn't very long at all,
Says the Sham Clan Dough.
And if George should sink at sea,
Wales' daughter Queen would be
Of England and of Wales,
Says the Sham Clan Dough.

A 'DIVINE' SONNET.
Swinburne, in his article on 'Social
Vices,' which is published in the October
number of *The Forum*, maintains that
"there is no lovelier creature in the world
than the late Lord Rosset's 'Bottine.'"
Here it is:

Bedtime.
'Tis bedtime; say your hymn, and bid
'Good-night,'
'God bless Mamma, Papa and dear ones
all,'
Your half-shut eyes beneath your eyelids
fall.
Another minute you will shut them quite.
Yes, I will carry you, put out the light,
And tuck you up, altho' you are so light!
What will you give me, sleepy one, and call
My wages, if I settle down at night?
I find her golden curls upon my arm,
I draw her little feet within my hand,
Her rosy palms were joined in trustful bliss,
Her heart next mine beat gently, soft and
warm,
She nestled to me, and, by Love's command,
Paid me my previous wages—Baby's kiss!

Tax more a man is preached to the less
he remembers of what is said to him—
Pocynus.
A LAVOR is the best cleaver of the brain
and the best aid to digestion, *Scribner's
Magazine.*

THE DOCTORS SHOOK THEIR
HEADS.
"I would give a million dollars for a
stomach," said a wealthy American recently.
Now, a million dollars (\$200,000) is a
deal of money, but he was not able to buy
the article even at the price.

Mr. Thomas Gaskin, of No. 8, Poplar
Row, Darley Abbey, near Derby, is not so
rich as many, being a gardener, but he was
ready enough to give all he had for one
thing he hadn't got. Here is his story,
and he shall tell it in his own way.
Gaskin went on to say: "Up to eight years
ago I had never lost an hour's work
through sickness. In December, 1882,
while living at Beeston, near Nottingham,
my appetite fell away, I had drowsy spells,
and eating and drinking did me no good,
which would fill with water and slime, the
latter so thick and sticky that I often had
to remove it with my fingers. My chest
used to 'fill up' and my throat would swell
so I couldn't breathe, my count at the neck
I noticed a great deal, chiefly a yellowish-
green pimple. I had a hacking cough,
and would cough and strain till I bled at
the nose, and the blood rushed out of my
ears. I became exhausted and short of
breath and had to call the doctor, and was
in bed five or six weeks.

"I then went as out-patient to the Not-
tingham Hospital, and after attending there
for six months was very little better. I
got so thin that I was like a ghost walking
about, and friends said it was all up with
me. For eighteen months I kept getting
better, then worse, and at last the doctors
recommended me to try a change of air.
So I came to Darley Abbey and my former
master gave me an indoor recommendation
to 'Derbyshire' Sanatorium, Derby. I
found, however, that all the beds in the
hospital were full, and I saw my old
doctor and also two doctors at Derby.
The first one said, 'You are in a pitiful
condition, and must die'; the other doc-
tor, after examining my lungs and chest,
said nothing, but shook their heads.

"Getting a trifle better my old master
allowed me to do what little I could in his
gardens and grounds, and some days I
worked a little, and then would go away
for a few days. Things went on like this
until December, 1888, when I caught cold,
got very short of breath, and broke down
completely. I was always coughing and
spitting up phlegm, sometimes as much as
an eggful at a time, and was afraid to go
to sleep for fear the phlegm would choke me.
At this time the whites of my eyes turned
yellow, and my eyes were bloodshot. My
lips and mouth were dry and parched and

I often broke out into a cold clammy
sweat. My tongue was like a piece of
brown leather, and I could keep nothing
down. I lost over a stone weight in three
weeks.

"I managed to get up for a few hours at
a time, but was so weak I had to take hold
of the furniture to move a few yards. I
was always tired and weary, and sitting or
lying, was never at ease and got no real
rest. Too weak to read I often sat for
hours looking at my hands—nothing but
skin and bone and was so nervous I couldn't
hear the least noise, and the children at
play quite upset me.

"The doctor kept on attending me, but
said, 'I can do you no good; I can only
patch you up, because your lungs are diseased.'
I then gave over taking his medicine and

tried everything I could hear of. One
thing was a cough cure from London that
cost 25s. a bottle. But nothing did any
good, and my friends who came to see me
said, 'Well, you won't cough much longer,
you have merely to prepare for another
world.'

"About the middle of March, 1889, a
neighbor named Joseph Tatham, who
works in the paper mills at Darley Abbey,
said to me, 'Tom, did you ever try
Seigel's Syrup?' and told me how he had
been cured after being in the hospital.
He spoke so much in praise of this medi-
cine I sent my wife to Derby and got a
bottle at Mr. Smith's Stores in Victoria
Street. After the first dose I had an
excellent black and rosy, and remitted. Then
I felt asleep and felt rested when I awoke.

After taking the medicine for three days
my breathing got easier, my food down,
and in a few days more I was able to
go out for a short walk. By the end of
a fortnight I went to see my master, who
asked what had wrought the improvement,
and I told him, as I tell every one, that
Mother Seigel's Syrup had saved my life.
I commenced work at once, and have never
lost a day's work since.

"Of course my strength did not return
all at once, but after taking Seigel's Syrup
six months I was strong as ever in my life
and have continued so ever since."

In giving his consent to the publication
of this remarkable statement, Mr. Gaskin
requests us to refer all doubters to Mr.
Kestley, Head Gardener, Darley Abbey,
who is acquainted with all the facts alleged.

Mr. Gaskin has lived at Darley Abbey 32
years and bears an excellent reputation.
Now, what was the complaint from which
he suffered? Not *gallstones*, consumption,
cancer (as one of the doctors thought), or
its would have gutted into his grave in
less than three months, instead of grow-
ing worse for seven years. His complaint
was chronic inflammation of the lungs
(chronic catarrh), which has long
sympoms like consumption, for which it
is so often (and wrongly) mistaken and wrong-
ly treated. When the right remedy,
Mother Seigel's Syrup, was used the
disease yielded, as all diseases of the dis-
eased tract do yield to that magnificent pre-
paration. We heartily congratulate Mr.
Gaskin on his recovery, and commend the
facts of his case to all thinking people.

THE CHINA REVIEW.
PUBLISHED BI-MONTHLY.

THIS Review, which was intended to meet
the wants of many students of Chinese
caused by the discontinuance of *Notes and
Queries on China and Japan*, has reached its
thirtieth Volume. The Review discusses
these topics which are uppermost in the
minds of students of the 'Far East' and
about which every intelligent person con-
tacted with China or Japan is desirous of
acquiring trustworthy information. It in-
cludes many interesting Notes and original
papers on the Arts, Sciences, Ethnology,
Folklore, Geography, History, Literature,
Mythology, Natural History, Antiquities,
and Social Manners and Customs, etc., etc.,
of China, Japan, Mongolia, Tibet, and the
Far East generally. Recently a new de-
partment has been taken, and the Review now
gives papers on Trade, Commerce, and
Descriptive notes of Travel by well-known
writers. It was thought that by extending
the scope of the Review in this direction
the Magazine would be rendered more generally
useful.

The Review department receives special
attention, and endeavours are made to
present a careful and concise record of
literature on China, etc., and to give
critiques embodying sketches of the most
recent works on such topics. Authors and
Publishers are requested to forward works
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Mail Office*.

The Notes and Queries are still continued
and form an important means of obtaining
from and diffusing among students know-
ledge on obscure points.

The Correspondence column also affords
advantage and greater facilities for the in-
terchange of views and discussion of various
topics.

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or any of the Modern Languages are re-
ceived. The papers are contributed by the
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perial Customs, and Hongkong Services,
and also by the Missionary bodies amongst
whom a high degree of Chinese scholarship
is academically cultivated. Amongst the
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OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.
'All our learned societies should sub-
scribe to this scholarly and enterprising Re-
view. — *Northern Christian Advocate* (U.S.).
'The *China Review* * * * has an ex-
cellent table of contents. — *Celestial Empire*.
'The Publication always contains subjects
of interest to sojourners in the Far East and
the present issue will hold favourable views
advantageous comparison with preceding
numbers. — *Celestial Empire*.

'This number contains several articles
of interest and value. — *North-China Herald*.
'The *China Review* for September-October
fully maintains the high standard of
excellence which characterizes this publi-
cation, and altogether forms a very
interesting and readable number. 'Meta-
morphosis' will find an interesting and
valuable contribution by Dr. Frische,
'On the Amount of Precipitation (Rain
and Snow)' showing the results of
observations made at the Imperial
Russian Observatory at Peking, from 1841 to
1880. 'Notes on the Dutch Occupation
of Formosa,' by Mr. Gen. Phillips, contains
some interesting information. Although
much of it is second-hand, The Notices of
New Books include a most generous and
appreciative review of 'The Divine Classic
of Nan-Hua,' and the Notes and Queries
are as usual very interesting. — *North-China
Daily News*.

A substantial and reliable Review which
all students of China and the Chinese would
do well to patronize. — *Overland Monthly*.

The November-December number of
the *China Review* contains less variety than
usual, but the few articles are very infor-
mative. The opening paper by Mr. Herbert
A. Giles on 'The New Testament in Chi-
nese' treats of a question that must neces-
sarily be of great importance in the eyes
of all missionaries. — *North-China Herald*.

Factor's 'Short Journeys in Szechuan' is
continued, and a goodly instalment of
these travels in the interior of China is
given. Mr. F. H. Balfour contributes a
paper of some length entitled 'The Em-
peror Chang-fu, ruler of the Chinese Em-
pire,' which will be read with genuine
interest by students of Chinese history.
A few short notices of New Books and a
number of Notes and Queries, one of which
'On Chinese Oath in Western Borneo'
and 'Java' might appropriately have been
placed under a separate heading, complete
the number. — *H.K. Daily Press*.

Fraser's *Oriental Record* contains the
following notice of the *China Review*:—
'The present publication, judging by the
number now before us, is intended to be
a permanent position, as regards China and
the neighbouring countries, some what similar
to that which has been filled in India by the
Calcutta Review. The great degree of at-
tention that has been bestowed of late years
upon the investigation of Chinese history,
antiquities, and social developments, to say
nothing of linguistic studies, has led to the
accumulation of important stores of infor-
mation, rendering some such channel of pub-
licity as is now provided, extremely desir-
able; and contributions of value and interest
may fairly be looked for from the members
of the foreign consular service, the Chinese
Customs' corps, and the missionary body,
among whom a high degree of Chinese
scholarship is not so commonly cultivated,
and who are so generally represented in the
first number of the Review by papers highly
creditable to their respective authors.

Some translations from Chinese novels and
plays are marked by both accuracy and fresh-
ness of style; and an account of the career of
the Chinese poet-statesman of the eleventh
century, Su Tung-p'o, by Mr. E. C. Bosser,
is not only historically valuable, but is also
distinguished by its literary grace. Beside
notices of new books relating to China and
the Review, which will be a useful feature
of the East, we are glad to notice that
detail, we are glad to notice that
'Notes' and 'Queries' are destined to
find a place in its pages also. It is to be
hoped that this opening for contributions
on Chinese subjects may prove a stimulus
degree of literary skill to that which was
displayed during the lifetime of its prede-
cessor in the field, and that the *China Review*
may receive the support necessary to ensure
its continuance.

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CHINA MAIL OFFICE.

SHARE LIST—QUOTATIONS.

Hongkong, Saturday, Noon, 28th November, 1891.

| STOCKS. | Capital. | No. of Shares. | Paid-up. | Reserve & Working Account. | Last Dividend and when paid. | Closing Quotations. |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------|----------------|---|---|---|
| Banks. | | | | | | |
| Hongkong & Shanghai Bank- ing Corporation | \$ 10,000,000 | 80,000 | \$ 125 | \$ 6,300,000 | 30/- for 1-year ending 30/6/91, Aug. 24, 91 | 164 1/2 prem., sellers |
| Bank of China, Japan & Straits, Do. New issue (Ld.) | £ 1,000,000 £ 1,000,000 | 99,875 100,000 | 25/- £ 1 | £ 113,872 2,111.15.2 | 100,000/- per share, Feb. 14, 91 | \$18 1/2, sales and sellers \$13 1/2 |
| Do. Founders | £ 1,000,000 | 1,250 | £ 2 | £ 1,250 | £8, February 14, 91 | \$110, sales and buyers |
| National Bank of China, Ltd., Do. Do. (Founders) | £ 1,000,000 | 10,000 | £ 4 £ 1 | £ 400,000 £ 100,000 | First year. First year | 37 1/2 dis. for 'B' shares on £4.10/ \$240 |
| Marine Insurances. | | | | | | |
| Union Insurance Society of Canton, Limited | \$ 2,500,000 | 10,000 | \$ 25 | \$ 800,000 | 25 per cent. for 1890, Oct. 12, 91 | \$92, sales |
| China Traders' Insurance Co., Ltd. | \$ 2,000,000 | 24,000 | \$ 25 | \$ 700,000 | 18 per cent. for year ending 31/4/90, Sept. 13, 91 | \$61, buyers |
| North China Insurance Co., Ltd. | \$ 1,000,000 | 5,000 | \$ 50 | \$ 320,000 | 10 per cent. for 1889 | Tis. 260 |
| Yangtze Insur. Association, Ltd. | \$ 800,000 | 8,000 | \$ 100 | \$ 425,722 | 25 per share for 1889, March 12, 90 | Tis. 175, buyers |
| Canton Insurance Office, Ltd. | \$ 2,500,000 | 10,000 | \$ 50 | \$ 650,000 | final div. 4 1/2 making 14 1/2 for 1890, Oct. 23, 91 | \$107, sales and buyers |
| Straits Insurance Co., Ltd. | \$ 3,000,000 | 30,000 | \$ 20 | \$ 216,515.09 | 5 per cent. for year ending 31/12/90, July 4, 91 | \$12 1/2 |
| Fire Insurances. | | | | | | |
| Hongkong Fire Insur. Co., Ltd. | \$ 2,000,000 | 8,000 | \$ 50 | \$ 1,050,000 | \$18 per share for 1889, March 9, 91 | \$325, sales |
| China Fire Insurance Co., Ltd. | \$ 2,000,000 | 20,000 | \$ 20 | \$ 255,000 | 30 per cent. for 1889, Feb. 28, 91 | \$90, buyers |
| Straits Fire Insurance Co., Ltd. | \$ 2,000,000 | 20,000 | \$ 20 | \$ 60,000 | 25 per cent. for 1889, March 27, 91 | \$11 1/2, buyers |
| Singapore Insurance Co., Ltd. | \$ 3,000,000 | 30,000 | \$ 20 | \$ 108,940.55 37,632.78 30,874.94 | — | \$11 1/2, sellers |
| Shipping. | | | | | | |
| Hongkong, Canton & Macao Steam-boat Co., Limited | \$ 1,500,000 | 80,000 | \$ 20 | \$ 85,000 800,000 311.19 | 4 per cent. for 1-year ending 30/6/91, Aug. 1, 91 | \$34 1/2, sales |
| Indo-China Steam Navigation Co., Limited | £ 1,200,000 | 60,000 | £ 10 | £ 25,000 | 2 1/2 per cent. for 1890, June 1, 91 | 27 1/2 discount, cash |
| China & Manila S. S. Co., Ltd. | \$ 250,000 | 5,000 | \$ 50 | \$ 1,974.47 | — | \$50, sellers |
| Douglas Steamship Co., Ltd. | \$ 1,000,000 | 20,000 | \$ 50 | \$ 2,000,000 40,731.90 | 6 per cent. for year ending 30/6/91, Sept. 23, 91 | \$39, sales and buyers |
| China Shippers Mutual S. N. Co. Do. Do. New issue | £ 242,800 £ 120,000 | 12,145 6,000 | £ 15 £ 30 | £ 82,671.63 2,384.17.5 | Int. div. of 2 1/2 per cent. for 6 months to 30/6/91, October 14 and 24, 1891 | \$15, sellers \$11, sellers |
| Steam Launch Company, Ltd. | \$ 100,000 | 2,000 | \$ 30 | \$ 1,278.66 | 3 per cent. for 1-year ending 30/6/91, Sept. 1, 91 | par, nominal |
| Refineries. | | | | | | |
| China Sugar Refining Co., Ltd. | \$ 1,500,000 | 15,000 | \$ 100 | \$ 1,840.46 | Int. div. \$5 per share, Aug. 28, 91 | \$177, cash |
| Lazoo Sugar Refining Co., Ltd. | \$ 700,000 | 7,000 | \$ 100 | \$ 2,941.29 | 25 per share for 1890, March 28, 91 | \$58 |
| Mining. | | | | | | |
| Panjoon Duo Samatun Min- ing Co., Ltd. | \$ 600,000 | 60,000 | \$ 10 | \$ 319,362.31 | — | \$2, sales |
| Société Française des Char- bonnages du Tonkin | Fr. 4,000,000 | 8,000 | Fr. 500 | Fr. 285,815.15 | — | \$325, sellers |
| Selama Tin Mining Com- pany, Limited | \$ 575,000 £ 125,000 | 115,000 25,000 | \$ 5 \$ 5 | \$ 85,499.49 | — | 40 cents \$1 |
| Imperial Mines, Limited | \$ 200,000 | 200,000 | \$ 1 | \$ 17,076 | First year | \$5 1/2, sales and buyers |
| Balmoral Gold Mining Co., Ltd. | \$ 150,000 | 15,000 | \$ 10 | \$ 1,840.46 | — | nominal |
| Jeleba Mining & Trading Co., Ltd. | \$ 225,000 | 45,000 | \$ 5 | \$ 4,705 | 7 per cent. 1-year ending 8/6/91, Oct. 15, 91 | \$4 1/2, sellers |
| Raub Australian Syndicate, Ltd. | \$ 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 17/11 | \$ 12,442.12 | — | 75 cents |
| Société Française des Houil- lères de Tonkin | Fr. 4,000,000 | 4,000 | Fr. 100 | Fr. 558,998.47 | — | 25 1/2 dis., sellers |
| Docks, Wharves & Coldways. | | | | | | |
| Hongkong & Wharves Dock Co., Ltd. | \$ 1,062,500 | 12,500 | \$ 125 | \$ 62,665.68 | 7 per cent. 1-year ending, Aug. 25, 91 | 81 1/2 prem., buyers |
| Hongkong & Wharves Dock Co., Ltd. | \$ 1,000,000 | 20,000 | \$ 50 | \$ 2,585.92 | Int. div. 4 per cent., August 4, 91 | \$65, buyers |
| Wanchai Warehouse & Stor- age Co., Limited | \$ 200,000 | 2,000 | \$ 37 1/2 | \$ 1,548.50 | First year | par, nominal |
| Land, Hotels & Building. | | | | | | |
| Hongkong Land Investment & Agency Company, Ltd. | \$ 5,000,000 | 50,000 | \$ 50 | \$ 1,250,000 | Int. div. \$2 per share, August 1, 91 | \$74, sellers |
| Kowloon Land and Building Company, Ltd. | \$ 300,000 | 6,000 | \$ 30 | \$ 1,548.50 | Int. div. 60 cents, July 20, 91 | \$11, sellers |
| West Point Building Co., Ltd. | \$ 625,000 | 12,500 | \$ 40 | \$ 82.91 | 4 per cent. for 1-year ending 30/6/91, 50 cents p. share, 1-year end. 30/6/91, Sept. 7, 91 | \$26, sellers |
| Hongkong Hotel Co., Limited | \$ 300,000 | 6,000 | \$ 50 | \$ 2,661.53 | 50 cents p. share, 1-year end. 30/6/91, Sept. 7, 91 | \$30, nominal |
| Astoria Hotel & Building Company, Limited | \$ 200,000 | 4,000 | \$ 50 | \$ 5,767.43 | Int. div. 60 cents, July 20, 91 | \$3, sales |
| Peak Hotel & Trading Co., Ltd. | \$ 200,000 | 4,000 | \$ 50 | \$ 4,329.64 | 14 per cent. for 1890, April 17, 91 | In liquidation |
| Humphreys' Estate & Finance Company, Ltd. | \$ 100,000 | 1,000 | \$ 100 | \$ 20,000 | 14 per cent. for 1890, April 17, 91 | \$200, buyers |
| Do. New Issue | \$ 160,000 | 1,500 | \$ 100 | \$ 2,425.60 | Int. div. 60 cents, July 20, 91 | \$200, buyers |
| Miscellaneous. | | | | | | |
| Green Island Cement Company Limited | \$ 1,000,000 | 20,000 | \$ 50 | \$ 155,173.78 | Int. div. 60 cents, July 20, 91 | \$10 |
| China-Borneo Co., Ltd., in liq. | \$ 750,000 | 7,500 | \$ 50 | \$ 463,468.91 | Int. div. 7 per cent. for 1891, Nov. 5, 91 | \$10, sellers |
| A. S. Watson & Co., Limited | \$ 500,000 | 50,000 | \$ 10 | \$ 140,000 | Int. Div. 7 per cent. for 1891, Nov. 5, 91 | \$10, buyers |
| Hongkong Trading Co., Ltd. | \$ 400,000 | 4,000 | \$ 50 | \$ 1,472.50 | 6 per cent. for 1890, April 1, 91 | par nominal |
| H. B. Brown & Co., Limited | \$ 300,000 | 6,000 | \$ 50 | \$ 1,472.50 | Int. div. \$2 per share, Sept. 9, 91 | \$44, sellers |
| Hongkong Electric Co., Limited | \$ 300,000 | 30,000 | \$ 8 | \$ 86,879.79 | Int. div. 60 cents, July 20, 91 | \$5, sales and buyers |
| Labak Planting Co., Limited | \$ 250,000 | 5,000 | \$ 50 | \$ 62,427.22 | Int. div. 60 cents, July 20, 91 | \$35, sellers |
| Hongkong & China Coldwater Gas Co., Limited (new) | £ 50,000 £ 20,000 | 5,000 1,000 | £ 10 £ 7.10 | £ 14,325.48 1,541.14.2 | 10 per cent. for 1890, and 2 1/2 per cent. bonus, April 9, 91 | \$150, nominal |
| H.K. Rope Manufactory Co., Ltd. | \$ 150,000 | 3,000 | \$ 50 | \$ 25,000 | 25 per cent. for 1890, March 24, 91 | \$110, sales |
| Geo. Fenwick & Co., Limited | \$ 150,000 | 6,000 | \$ 25 | \$ 1,000 | 7 per cent. for 1890, March 11, 91 | \$14, buyers |
| Hongkong Ice Co., Limited | \$ 125,000 | 5,000 | \$ 25 | \$ 46,000 | Int. div. 8 per cent., Aug. 10, 91. | \$82 |
| Hongkong High-Level Tram- way Company, Limited | \$ 125,000 | 1,250 | \$ 100 | \$ 214.69 | — | \$55, sellers |
| Hongkong Brick and Cement Company, Limited | \$ 100,000 | 4,000 | \$ 21.50 | \$ 34,114.13 | — | \$10, nominal |
| Dairy Farm Co., Limited | \$ 100,000 | 10,000 | \$ 10 | \$ 333.58 | — | \$7 1/2, sellers |
| Crooksbank & Co., Limited | \$ 80,000 | 1,600 | \$ 50 | \$ 66 | — | nominal |
| H'kong & China Bakery Co., Ltd. | \$ 30,000 | 600 | \$ 50 | \$ 793.07 | 25 per share for 1890, March 17, 1891 | \$70, sellers |
| Campbell, Moore & Co., Limited | \$ 12,000 | 1,200 | \$ 10 | \$ 846.61 | — | \$6, sellers |